Emperor Shi HuangDi died today and is being buried with his most prized possessions. More on the scene is to be recovered.

Shi HuangDi was the first emperor of China. He was made emperor in 260 BC. Shi HuangDi was buried in his own mausoleum. His army of clay warriors was buried in his mausoleum beside him when he was buried. Shi HuangDi had over 7,000 clay soldiers. The soldiers have their very own weapons and were assorted in battle formation. The army is now known as the Terracotta army. They were arranged in different chambers when Shi HuangDi died.

The Terracotta warriors also have their very own horses and chariots. One of the formations is the warrior riding on a horse or in a chariot. The clay models were very well crafted when made. The Terracotta warriors are put in three different parts of the mausoleum. They are assorted in different chambers for different occasions. The Terracotta warriors were made to protect Emperor Shi HuangDi’s burial chamber in his journey to the afterlife.
Emperor Shi HuangDi was buried near a well where two men were working (The two men didn’t know that the burial chamber was even there). The Terracotta warriors are life-sized and are painted in beautiful amount of colors. In time, the paint faded away. In China, Shi HuangDi became the first great of China But for now; the Terracotta warriors are here to protect the emperor in the after life just like he would have wanted.

Resources:

World Book Encyclopedia (Microsoft PC)
http://www.timelineindex.com/
http://www.google.com/
http://www.wikipedia.com/
http://www.sights-and-culture.com/
http://www.world-mysteries.com/